

OpenHand Model Q



Assembly Instructions

Last updated: February 22, 2015



OTS Parts List

Part Name	Quantity	Description	Vendor	
Power Pro Spectra	1	Tendon	Amazon [<mark>link</mark>]	
PMC-780 Urethane	1	Finger Joint Urethane	Smooth-On [<u>link</u>]	
Vytaflex 30 Urethane	1	Finger Pad Urethane	Smooth-On [<u>link</u>]	
Ø1/4", L2", 8-32 female standoff	4	Support	McMaster [<u>93330A483</u>]	
Ø1/4", L1" steel dowel pin	4	Joint/tendon routing pin	McMaster [<u>98381A542</u>]	
Ø1/4", L5/8" steel dowel pin	2	Tendon routing pin	McMaster [<u>98381A539]</u>	
Ø1/8", L5/8" steel dowel pin	8	Tendon routing pin	McMaster [<u>98381A472</u>]	
Ø1/8", L3/8" steel dowel pin	3	Tendon routing pin	McMaster [<u>97395A435]</u>	
8-32, L3/4" countersunk bolt	8	Support bolt	McMaster [<u>92210A197</u>]	
6-32, L0.15" heat-set insert	2	Insert for gear (NN)	McMaster [<u>94459A280]</u>	
6-32, L3/8" socket bolt	2	Fastener for gear (NN)	McMaster [<u>92196A146]</u>	
4-40, L0.135" heat-set insert	4 (anchor) + 4 (PP)	Insert for bolt anchors (AO anchor: any small nut)	McMaster [<u>93365A120]</u>	
4-40, L1/4" countersunk screw	4 (anchor) + 4 (PP)	Tendon/spring anchors (AO anchor: any small nut)	McMaster [<u>91253A106</u>]	
Any small nut	4	Tendon terminator (AO anchor: 4-40 screws and inserts)		
M2, L5mm socket bolt	1	Horn fastener	McMaster [<u>91290a012]</u>	
Torsion spring, 0.340" OD, 0.028" wire diameter	2	Return spring (AO: extension springs)	McMaster [<u>9271k605</u>]	
Extension spring, 0.188" OD, L3/4", 0.016" wire diameter	2 + 2 (PP)	Return spring (AO: torsion spring at proximal). 2 required for PP.	McMaster [<u>9654k955]</u>	
Ø3/8", nylon pulley	1	Tendon-routing pulley	McMaster [<u>3434t31]</u>	
Dynamixel XM430-W350-R	4	Actuator	Various [<u>Link</u>]	

NN – Not Necessary for a well-functioning hand

AO – There exists an Alternative Option for the piece

- **PP** Required for pivot-pivot precision grasp fingers
- PF Required for pivot-flexure precision grasp fingers



Printed Parts List

Part Name	Quantity	Description
finger_ffff_q.stl	1	Power grasp fingers cutaway mold
See page 5 for PF finger options - OR - See page 7 for FF finger options	2	
top_outer.stl	1	Structure piece
pivot_base.stl	2	Base for precision fingers
finger_ffff_q.stl	1	Power finger mold
top_inner.stl	1	Base for power fingers
gear_main.stl	1	Main gear for power finger rotation
pulley_block_half.stl	2	Component of pulley block
mid_clamp.stl	1	Structure piece
gear_motor.stl	1	Gear to be attached to motor
horn.stl - OR - horn2.stl	3	Pulley horn
bottom_with_bridge.stl - OR - bottom_no_bridge.stl	1	Structure piece
bottom_reroute.stl	1	Tendon rerouting piece
bottom_brace_insert.stl - OR - bottom_brace_insertv2.stl - OR - bottom_brace_insertv3.stl	1	Arm mounting piece

All files are located in the **OpenHand hardware GitHub page** under model q/stl.

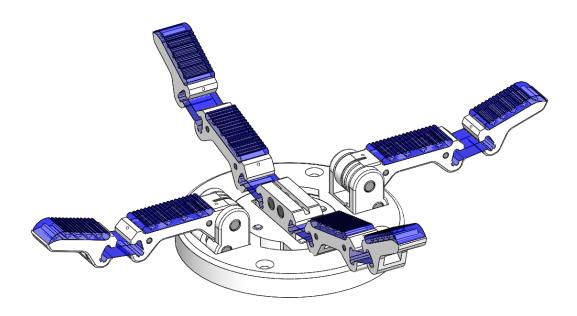
- **NN** Not Necessary for a well-functioning hand
- $\ensuremath{\textbf{AO}}\xspace$ There exists an Alternative Option for the piece
- **PP** Required for pivot-pivot precision grasp fingers
- $\ensuremath{\text{PF}}\xspace$ Required for pivot-flexure precision grasp fingers



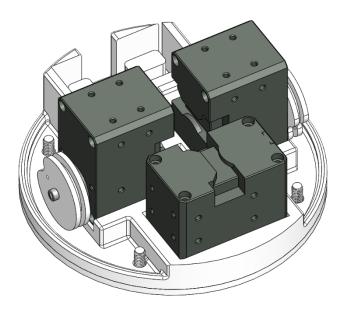


Overview

Palm

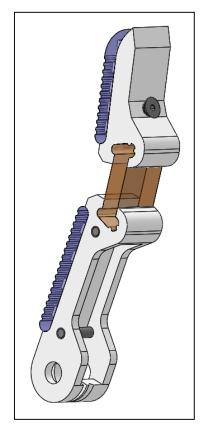


Actuator Base

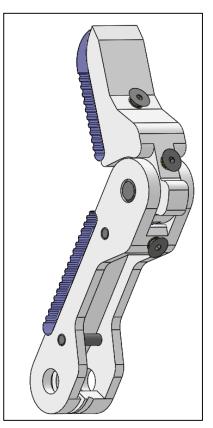




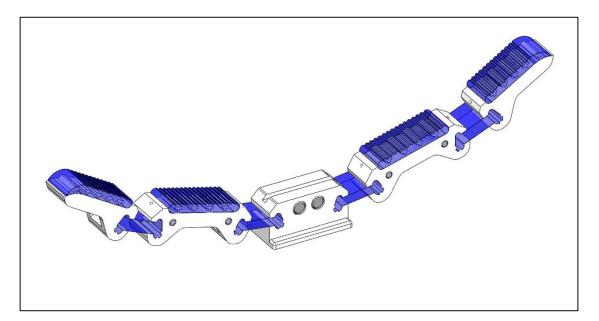
Finger Overview



Precision Pivot-Flexure



Precision Pivot-Pivot



Power Flexure-Flexure-Flexure-Flexure (Two fingers combined to make four flexures in series)



Pivot-Flexure

Parts

finger_pf_torsion_q.stl
- or finger_pf_ext_q.stl
- or finger_pf_mold1_torsion_A_q.stl
finger_pf_mold1_B_q.stl
finger_pf_mold[2-4]_q.stl
- or finger_pf_mold1_B_q.stl
finger_pf_mold1_B_q.stl
finger_pf_mold1_B_q.stl
finger_pf_mold1_2-4]_q.stl

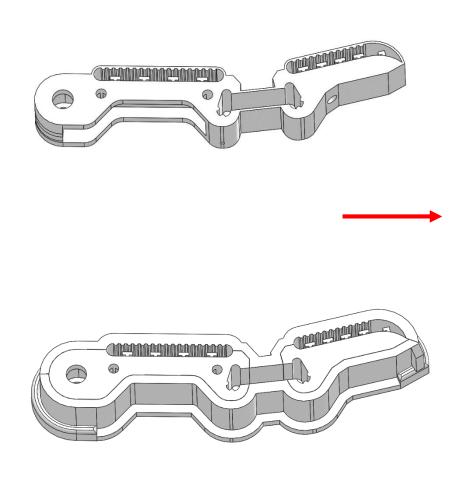




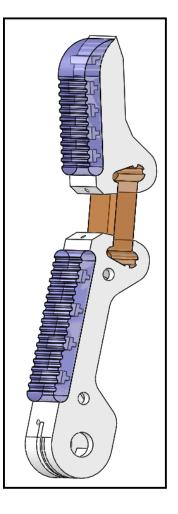
You have a choice of pivot or torsion spring base, and the option of using whether a thin-wall mold or multi-part mold. Refer to the *OpenHand Finger Guide* for more detail on casting these pads and flexures.

PMC-780 (2:1)

Vytaflex 30 (1:1)



(x2)

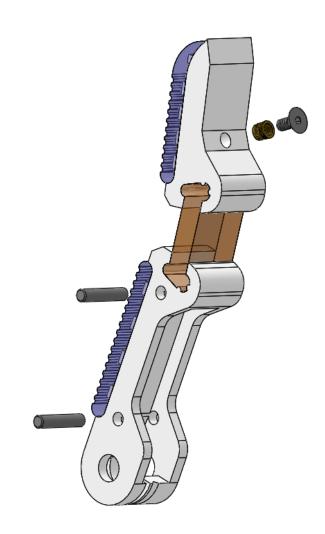


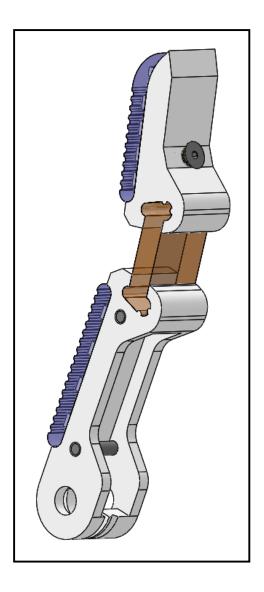


Precision Finger Sub-Assembly Pivot-Flexure



Press fit the 1/8" dowel pins for tendon-rerouting into the proximal link and back of the fingers. Use a soldering iron to install the heat-set insert into the distal link. The heat-set insert can be skipped in favor of using a nut for tendon termination.







Pivot-Pivot

Parts

finger_pp_torsion_A_q.stl finger_pp_B_q.stl - or finger_pp_ext_A_q.stl finger_pp_B_q.stl - or finger_pp_torsion_mold1_A_q.stl finger_pp_mold[2-4]_A_q.stl finger_pp_mold[2-4]_B_q.stl - or finger_pp_mold[2-4]_A_q.stl finger_pp_mold[2-4]_A_q.stl finger_pp_mold[2-4]_A_q.stl finger_pp_mold[2-4]_A_q.stl finger_pp_mold[2-4]_B_q.stl

Vytaflex 30 (1:1)

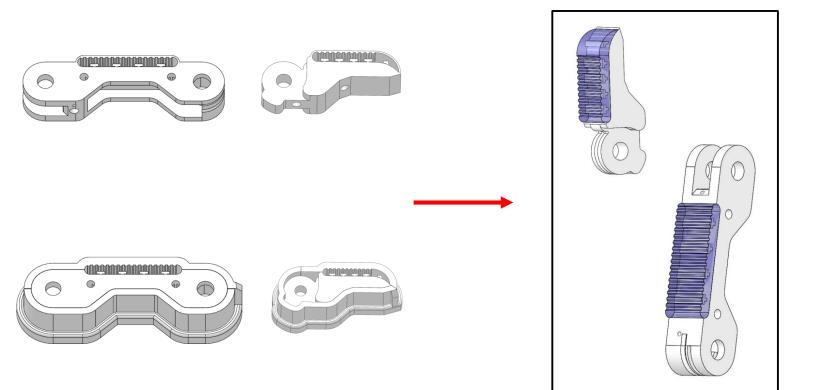




(x4)

Go back to page 5 for Pivot-Flexure finger subassembly

You have a choice of pivot or torsion spring base, and the option of using whether a thin-wall mold or multi-part mold. Refer to the *OpenHand Finger Guide* for more detail on casting these pads. There are no flexures needed for Pivot-Pivot finger design.



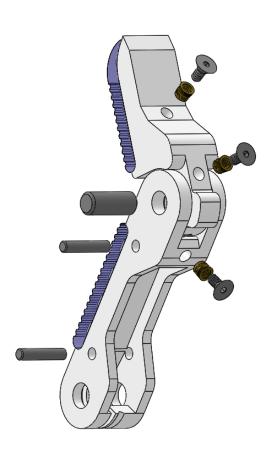


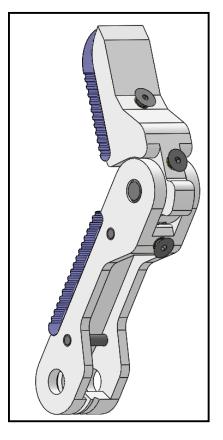


Install the 4-40 inserts for the distal joint spring and the distal tendon anchor. You can alternatively thread a bolt directly into the specified points. An extension spring or elastic band should be anchored on bolts threaded into the inserts closest to the distal joint.

Tendon routing pins (1/8") and joint pin (1/4") can be pressed in by hand, but a large pair of pliers or a vice may be helpful.





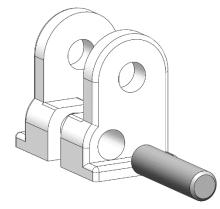


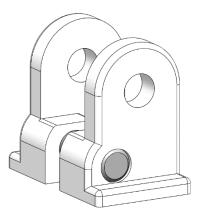


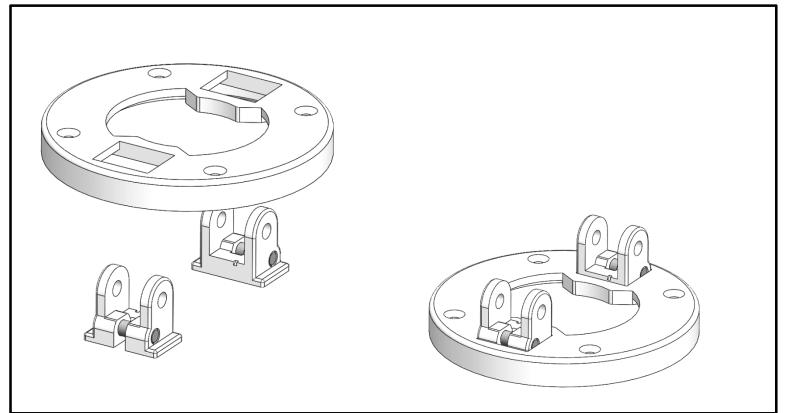
Pivot-Flexure or Pivot-Pivot

Parts		
top_outer.stl	(x1)	Ì
pivot_base.stl	(x2)	
Ø1/4", L1" steel dowel pin	(x2)	

For either the Pivot-Flexure or Pivot-Pivot fingers, the support sub-assembly is the same. Ensure that each pivot base is placed in the correct direction (lower dowel on outer side).







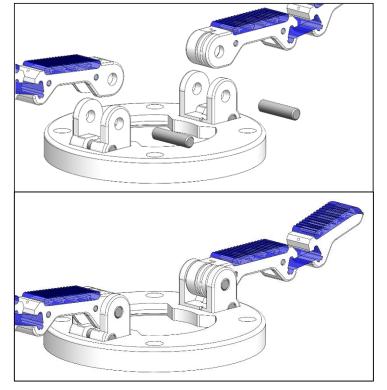


Pivot-Flexure or Pivot-Pivot

Parts Pivot-Flexure finger sub-assembly - or Pivot-Pivot finger sub-assembly (x2) top sub-assembly from previous page Ø1/4", L1" steel dowel pin (x2) Torsion spring - or Extension spring (x2)

For either the Pivot-Flexure or Pivot-Pivot fingers, the installation into the *pivot_base.stl* is the same. The finger is held in place by a press-fit 1/4" steel dowel pin. Refer to the *OpenHand Finger Guide* for how to install the torsion spring or extension spring at the base joint.

Example shown below is from the Model O, but the spring implementation is nearly identical.

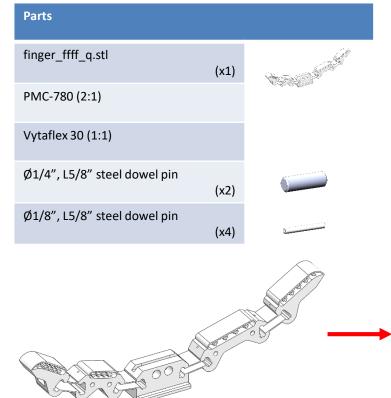






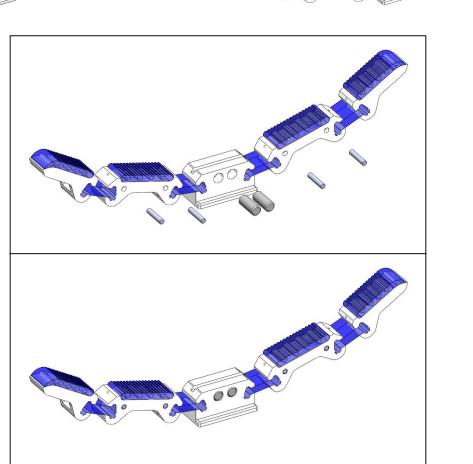
Power Fingers Sub-Assembly

Flexure-Flexure-Flexure



Refer to the *OpenHand Finger Guide* for more detail on casting these pads and flexures. Press-fit 1/4''dowels are used as tendon routing pins.

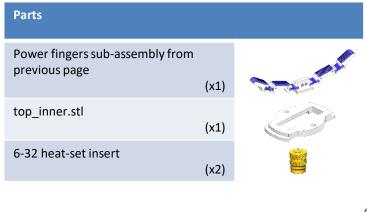
If you choose to use heat-set inserts for tendon termination, refer to page 6.





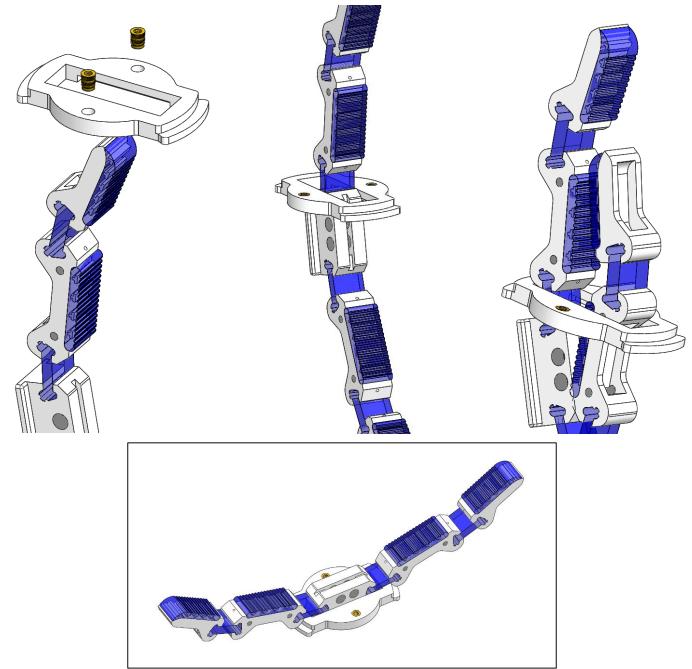
Power Fingers Sub-Assembly

Flexure-Flexure-Flexure



Use a soldering iron to install the heat-set inserts into the *top_inner.stl* piece. You will need to bend some of the flexure joints to force the fingers through the hole.

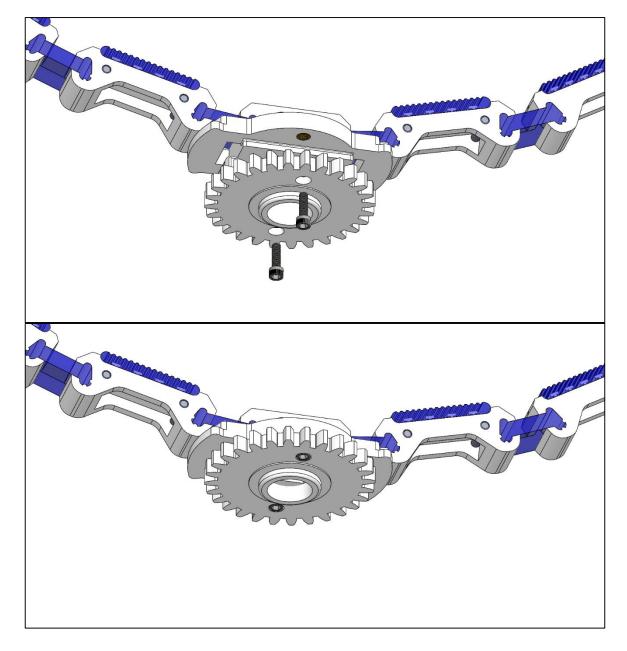
The heat-set inserts are used to hold the rotation gear to *top_inner.stl*, but the hand operates well even without them.





Power Fingers Sub-Assembly Flexure-Flexure-Flexure

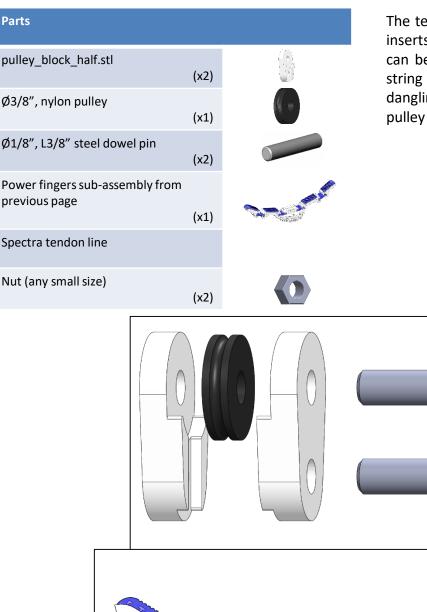
Parts		
Power fingers sub-assembly from previous page		and the second se
P. 01.000 P.80	(x1)	
gear_main.stl		
	(x1)	
6-32, L3/8" socket head screw		
	(x2)	E)



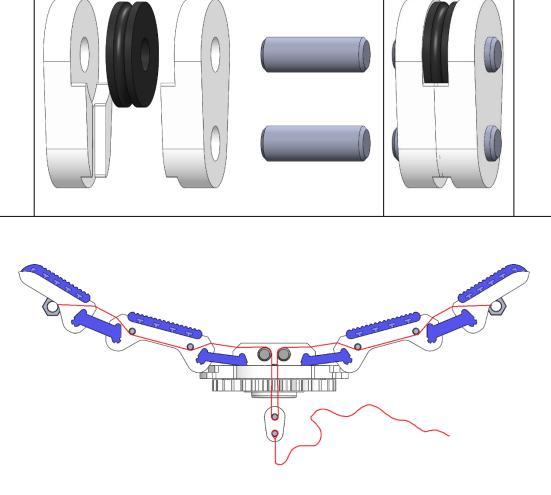


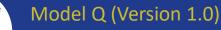


Power Fingers Sub-Assembly Pulley Block



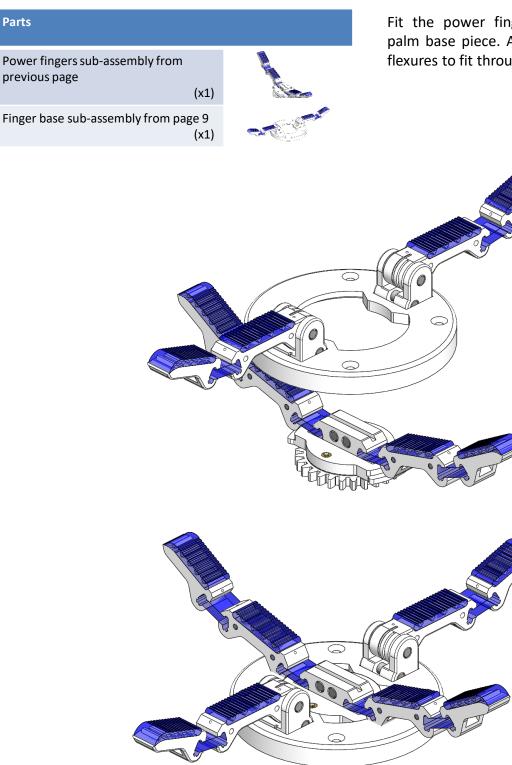
The terminating nuts can be replaced with heat-set inserts and screws. When stringing, the pulley block can be raised closer to the gear while keeping the string taut for a tighter resting hand position. Leave dangling string (about 8") on the bottom end of the pulley block for future steps.







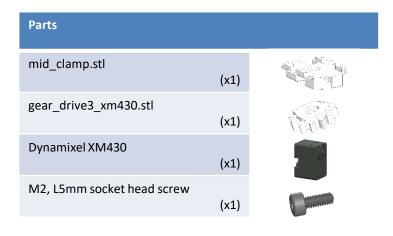
Fingers Sub-Assembly



Fit the power fingers sub-assembly through the palm base piece. Again, you will have to bend the flexures to fit through the hole.

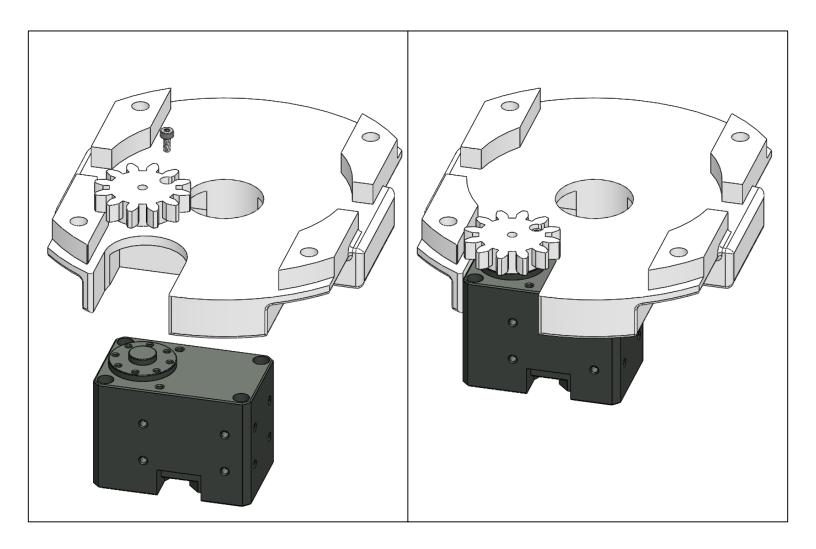


Inner Gearing Sub-Assembly



Be sure to assemble the pieces in the order presented in the diagram.

The screw may have to thread itself into the gear. In this case, firmly hold the gear in place against the actuator horn face while tightening the bolt, preventing a gap from forming between the gear and horn.



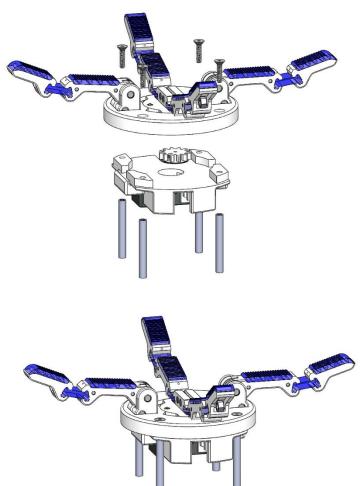


Upper Hand Sub-Assembly

Parts		
Fingers sub-assembly from page	14 (x1)	X
Inner gearing sub-assembly from page 15	(x1)	
8-32, L3/4" countersunk bolt	(x4)	
Ø1/4", L2", 8-32 zinc-plated fema standoff	ale (x4)	0

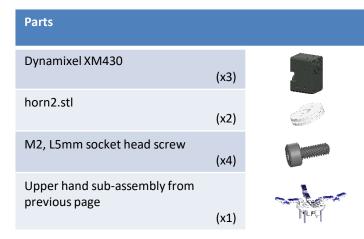
The palm and the inner gearing are held together by the countersunk bolts and the standoffs. When aligning the two sub-assemblies together, ensure the actuator is underneath one side of the powergripping fingers. Doing this aligns each of the precision fingers with a vertical actuator.

The loose string should go through the center hole in the inner gearing sub-assembly.



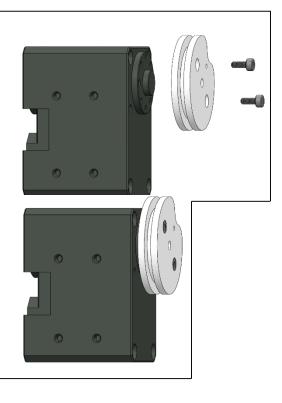


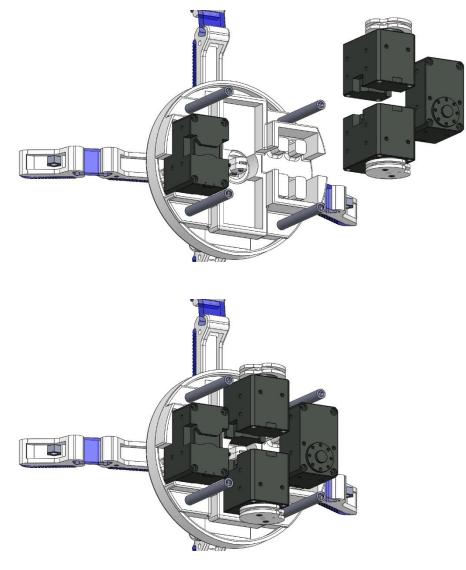
Actuator Sub-Assembly



For two of the servos, install the pulley horn *horn2.stl*. The third servo will have the same pulley horn installed in a future step.

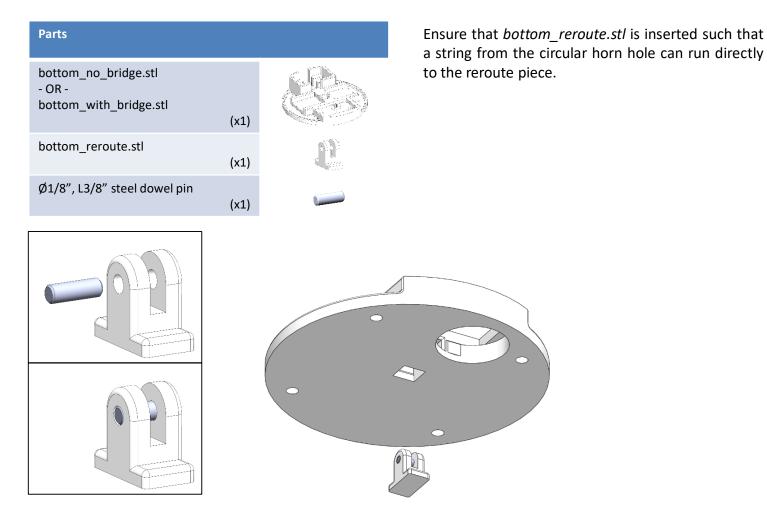
This step is the easiest for installing the wires. You can install the precision finger tendons (page 21) for open access to the horns, but this step can also be done after completion of the hand.

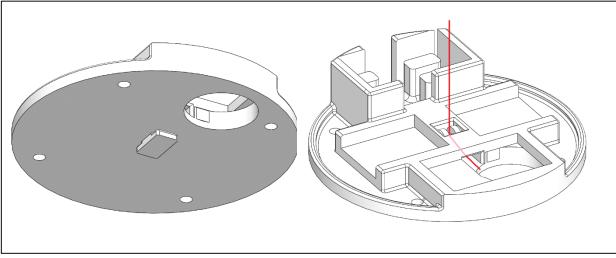






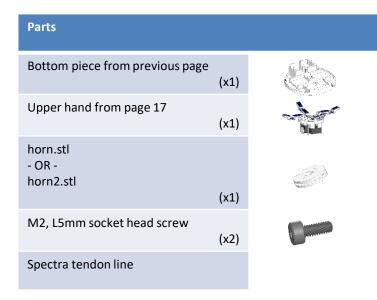
Actuator Sub-Assembly







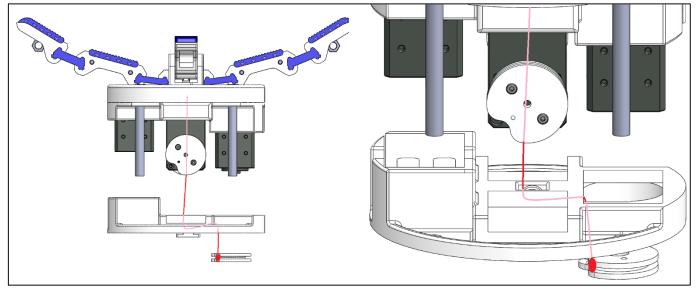
Final Assembly



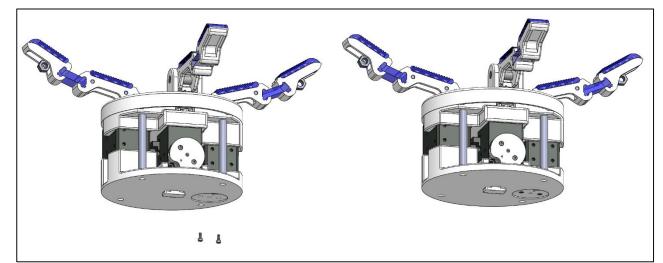
The stringing in this step must be completed while all three components are held separately from each other.

If you're using *bottom_with_bridge.stl*, run the line through the bridge next to the bottom reroute piece.

Any slack in the line can be eliminated by freely spinning the printed horn before attaching it to the motor. Be sure the line is wrapped around the horn in a manner such that it creates a direct line to the rerouting block.

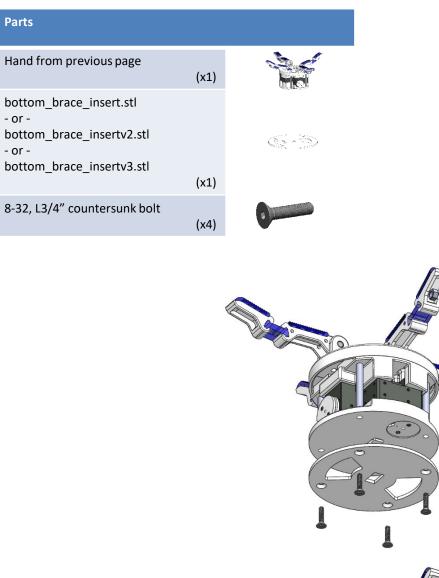


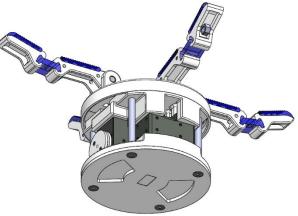
After stringing:





Final Assembly

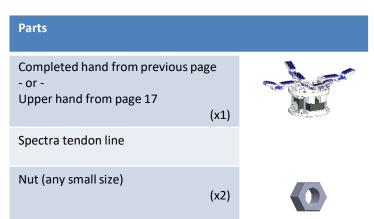






Precision Finger Stringing

Pivot-Flexure or Pivot-Pivot



The terminating nuts can be replaced with heat-set inserts and screws.

